

Programare dinamica si strategia greedy

Problema rucsacului

```
// numarul de obiecte
#define N 5
// greutatea admisa
#define W 11

int v[N+1]; // valoarea
int w[N+1]; // greutatea

void init(void)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i <= W; i++)
        OPT[0][i] = 0;

    v[0] = 0; w[0] = 0;
    v[1] = 1; w[1] = 1; // primul obiect
    v[2] = 6; w[2] = 2; // al 2-lea obiect
    v[3] = 18; w[3] = 5; // al 3-lea obiect
    v[4] = 22; w[4] = 6; // al 4-lea obiect
    v[5] = 28; w[5] = 7; // al 5-lea obiect

    for (i = 0; i <= N; i++)
    {
        sel[i] = 0;
        sel_g[i] = 0;
    }
}

void rucsac_programare_dinamica(void)
{
    int n, g;
    for (n = 1; n <= N; n++ )
        for (g = 1; g <= W; g++)
        {
            if (w[n] > g)
                OPT[n][g] = OPT[n - 1][g];
            else
            {
                if (OPT[n - 1][g] >= v[n] + OPT[n - 1][g - w[n]])
                {
                    OPT[n][g] = OPT[n - 1][g];
                }
                else
                {
                    OPT[n][g] = v[n] + OPT[n - 1][g - w[n]];
                }
            }
        }
}
```

Programare dinamica

Functia de optim

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	1	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
0	1	6	7	7	18	19	24	25	25	25	25
0	1	6	7	7	18	22	24	28	29	29	40
0	1	6	7	7	18	22	28	29	34	35	40

Valoarea maxima = 40

Greutatea maxima obtinuta = 11

Numarul de obiecte din care se alege = 4

Obiectele alese = 4, 3,

Greedy

Valoarea maxima = 35

Greutatea maxima obtinuta = 10

Obiectele alese = 5, 2, 1,

```

// rucsac.cpp : Defines the entry point for the console application.
//

#include "stdafx.h"

// numarul de obiecte
#define N 5
// greutatea admisa
#define W 11

int v[N+1]; // valoarea
int w[N+1]; // greutatea

int vmax; // valoarea maxima Programare dinamica
int gmax; // greutatea maxima Programare dinamica
int ob; // nr. de obiecte din care se alege Programare dinamica

int ob_alese[N + 1]; // Programare dinamica
int nob;

int vmax_g; // valoarea maxima Greedy
int gmax_g; // greutatea maxima Greedy

int ob_alese_g[N + 1]; // Greedy
int nob_g;

int sel[N + 1];
int sel_g[N + 1];

int OPT[N+1][W+1]; // solutia optima OPT[nr de obiecte][greutate]

void init(void);
void rucsac_programare_dinamica(void);
void print_OPT(void);
void maxime(void);
void alegere_obiecte(void);

void alegere_greedy(void);

int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    init();

    rucsac_programare_dinamica();

    maxime();

    alegere_obiecte();

    alegere_greedy();

    print_OPT();

    return 0;
}

```

```

}

void init(void)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i <= W; i++)
        OPT[0][i] = 0;

    v[0] = 0; w[0] = 0;
    v[1] = 1; w[1] = 1; // primul obiect
    v[2] = 6; w[2] = 2; // al 2-lea obiect
    v[3] = 18; w[3] = 5; // al 3-lea obiect
    v[4] = 22; w[4] = 6; // al 4-lea obiect
    v[5] = 28; w[5] = 7; // al 5-lea obiect

    for (i = 0; i <= N; i++)
    {
        sel[i] = 0;
        sel_g[i] = 0;
    }
}

void rucsac_programare_dinamica(void)
{
    int n, g;
    for (n = 1; n <= N; n++)
        for (g = 1; g <= W; g++)
        {
            if (w[n] > g)
                OPT[n][g] = OPT[n - 1][g];
            else
            {
                if (OPT[n - 1][g] >= v[n] + OPT[n - 1][g - w[n]])
                {
                    OPT[n][g] = OPT[n - 1][g];
                }
                else
                {
                    OPT[n][g] = v[n] + OPT[n - 1][g - w[n]];
                }
            }
        }
}

void print_OPT(void)
{
    int n, g;

    printf("\nProgramare dinamica\n");
    printf("Functia de optim\n");
    for (n = 0; n <= N; n++)
    {
        for (g = 0; g <= W; g++)
        {
            printf("%d\t", OPT[n][g]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

```

```

    }
    printf("\n");
    printf("Valoarea maxima = %d\n", vmax);
    printf("Greutatea maxima obtinuta = %d\n", gmax);
    printf("Numarul de obiecte din care se alege = %d\n", ob);
    printf("Obiectele alese =");
    for (n = 0; n <= nob; n++)
        printf("%d, ", ob_alese[n]);
    printf("\n");

    printf("\nGreedy\n");
    printf("Valoarea maxima = %d\n", vmax_g);
    printf("Greutatea maxima obtinuta = %d\n", gmax_g);
    printf("Obiectele alese =");
    for (n = 0; n <= nob_g; n++)
        printf("%d, ", ob_alese_g[n]);
    printf("\n");
}

void maxime(void) // determina din cite obiecte se va alege ca sa se obtina val
maxima
{
    int n,g;
    int max;
    int indn,indg;

    max = 0;

    // determina maximul pe linia OPT[n][g]

    for (n = 0; n <= N; n++)
    {
        for (g = 0; g <= W; g++)
            if (OPT[n][g] > max)
            {
                max = OPT[n][g];
                indn = n;
                indg = g;
            }
    }

    ob = indn; // numarul de obiecte
    gmax = indg; // greutatea maxima
    vmax = max; // valoarea maxima
}

void alegere_obiecte(void)
{
    int i,n;
    int vcurent, vm;
    int obcurent=0;

    vcurent = 0;
    i = 0;

    // alege obiecte incepind cu obiectul de valoare maxima
    while (vcurent <= vmax)

```

```

{
// alege obiectul de valoare maxima
vm = 0;
obcurent = 0;
for (n = 1; n <= ob; n++)
{
    if (sel[n]==1) continue;
    if (v[n] > vm)
    {
        vm = v[n];
        obcurent = n;
    }
}

vcurent = vcurent + vm;
ob_alese[i] = obcurent;
sel[obcurent] = 1;
nob = i;
i++;

    if (vcurent == vmax) break;
}
}

void alegere_greedy(void)
{
    int i, n;
    int gcurent, vcurent, vm;
    int obcurent = 0;

    int sum_sel;

    gcurent = 0;
    vcurent = 0;
    i = 0;
    sum_sel = 0;

    // alege obiecte incepind cu obiectul de valoare maxima
    while ((gcurent <= gmax) && sum_sel <N)
    {
        // alege obiectul de valoare maxima
        vm = 0;
        obcurent = 0;
        for (n = 1; n <= N; n++)
        {
            if (sel_g[n] == 1) continue;
            if (v[n] > vm)
            {
                vm = v[n];
                obcurent = n;
            }
        }

        if (vm > 0)

```

```
    {
        sel_g[obcurent] = 1;
        sum_sel = sum_sel + sel_g[obcurent];
    }

    if (gcurent + w[obcurent] <= gmax && sel_g[obcurent] == 1)
    {
        gcurent = gcurent + w[obcurent];
        vcurent = vcurent + vm;
        ob_alese_g[i] = obcurent;
        nob_g = i;
        i++;
    }
}

vmax_g = vcurent;
gmax_g = gcurent;
}
```

Problema alegerii activitatilor

```
// initializeaza q[j]
for (j = 0; j < N+1; j++)
{
    q[j] = 0;
}
// initializeaza OPT[j]
for (j = 0; j <= N; j++)
{
    OPT[j] = 0;
}

// calculeaza q[j] = cel mai mare index i cu proprietatea i < j si activitatea i
// compatibila cu activitatea j (finish i <= start j )

void calc_q(void)
{
    int i, j;

    for (j = 1; j <= N; j++)
    {
        // calculeaza q[j]
        for (i = j-1; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            if (ACT[i].finish <= ACT[j].start)
            {
                q[j] = i;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}

int rec_OPT(int j)
{
    if (j == 0) return 0;

    if (ACT[j].weight + rec_OPT(q[j]) >= rec_OPT(j - 1))
        return (ACT[j].weight + rec_OPT(q[j]));
    else
        return rec_OPT(j - 1);
}

void calc_OPT(void)
{
    int j;
    for (j = 0; j <= N; j++)
        OPT[j] = rec_OPT(j);
}
```


Cazul 1

Activitati

ACT[1]= start:1, finish:4, weight:1

ACT[2]= start:3, finish:5, weight:1

ACT[3]= start:0, finish:6, weight:1

ACT[4]= start:4, finish:7, weight:1

ACT[5]= start:3, finish:8, weight:1

ACT[6]= start:5, finish:9, weight:1

ACT[7]= start:6, finish:10, weight:1

ACT[8]= start:8, finish:11, weight:1

Programare dinamica

Valorile q

q[1]= 0

q[2]= 0

q[3]= 0

q[4]= 1

q[5]= 0

q[6]= 2

q[7]= 3

q[8]= 5

Valoare OPT

OPT[1]= 1

OPT[2]= 1

OPT[3]= 1

OPT[4]= 2

OPT[5]= 2

OPT[6]= 2

OPT[7]= 2

OPT[8]= 3

Activatile alese: 1, 4, 8,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 3

Greedy

Activatile alese : 1, 4, 8,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 3

Cazul 2

Activitati

ACT[1]= start:1, finish:4, weight:1

ACT[2]= start:3, finish:5, weight:2

ACT[3]= start:0, finish:6, weight:1

ACT[4]= start:4, finish:7, weight:1
ACT[5]= start:3, finish:8, weight:1
ACT[6]= start:5, finish:9, weight:1
ACT[7]= start:6, finish:10, weight:1
ACT[8]= start:8, finish:11, weight:1

Programare dinamica

Valorile q

q[1]= 0

q[2]= 0

q[3]= 0

q[4]= 1

q[5]= 0

q[6]= 2

q[7]= 3

q[8]= 5

Valoare OPT

OPT[1]= 1

OPT[2]= 2

OPT[3]= 2

OPT[4]= 2

OPT[5]= 2

OPT[6]= 3

OPT[7]= 3

OPT[8]= 3

Activitatile alese:2, 6,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 3

Greedy

Activitatile alese :1, 4, 8,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 3

Cazul 3

Activitati

ACT[1]= start:1, finish:4, weight:1

ACT[2]= start:3, finish:5, weight:2

ACT[3]= start:0, finish:6, weight:1

ACT[4]= start:4, finish:7, weight:1

ACT[5]= start:3, finish:8, weight:1

ACT[6]= start:5, finish:9, weight:2

ACT[7]= start:6, finish:10, weight:1

ACT[8]= start:8, finish:11, weight:1

Programare dinamica

Valorile q

q[1]= 0

q[2]= 0

q[3]= 0

q[4]= 1

q[5]= 0

q[6]= 2

q[7]= 3

q[8]= 5

Valoare OPT

OPT[1]= 1

OPT[2]= 2

OPT[3]= 2

OPT[4]= 2

OPT[5]= 2

OPT[6]= 4

OPT[7]= 4

OPT[8]= 4

Activitatile alese:2, 6,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 4

Greedy

Activitatile alese :1, 4, 8,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 3

Cazul 4

Activitati

ACT[1]= start:1, finish:4, weight:1

ACT[2]= start:3, finish:5, weight:2

ACT[3]= start:0, finish:6, weight:1

ACT[4]= start:4, finish:7, weight:1

ACT[5]= start:3, finish:8, weight:1

ACT[6]= start:5, finish:9, weight:2

ACT[7]= start:6, finish:10, weight:5

ACT[8]= start:8, finish:11, weight:1

Programare dinamica

Valorile q

q[1]= 0

q[2]= 0

q[3]= 0

$q[4]= 1$

$q[5]= 0$

$q[6]= 2$

$q[7]= 3$

$q[8]= 5$

Valoare OPT

$OPT[1]= 1$

$OPT[2]= 2$

$OPT[3]= 2$

$OPT[4]= 2$

$OPT[5]= 2$

$OPT[6]= 4$

$OPT[7]= 7$

$OPT[8]= 7$

Activatile alese:7, 2,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 7

Greedy

Activatile alese :1, 4, 8,

Valoarea activitatilor alese = 3

```

// Alegere_activ.cpp : Defines the entry point for the console application.
//

#include "stdafx.h"

// numar de activitati
#define N 8

struct activitate {
    int start;
    int finish;
    int weight;
};

void init(void); // initializari, activitatile sint ordonate crescator dupa
momentul de finish
void calc_q(void); // calculeaza q[j] = cel mai mare index i cu proprietatea i < j
si activitatea i compatibila cu activitatea j (finish i <= start j )
void print_info(void);
int rec_OPT(int j); // calculul optimului
void calc_OPT(void);

void alegere_act(int n); // alege din n activitati activitatile care conduc la
valoarea optima
void alegere_act_greedy(int n); // alege (greedy) din n activitati

activitate ACT[N+1]; // activitati sortate dupa finish (ordine crescatoare),
ACT[0] nu e folosita
int q[N + 1];
int OPT[N + 1]; // valoarea optima, in functie de numarul de activitati alese
int sel_act[N+1]; // activitate selectata

int act_alese[N]; // activitatile alese
int nr_act_alese; // numarul de activitati alese
int VAL; // valoarea activitatilor alese

int sel_act_g[N + 1]; // activitate selectata Greedy
int act_alese_g[N]; // activitatile alese Greedy
int nr_act_alese_g; // numarul de activitati alese Greedy
int VAL_G; // valoarea activitatilor alese Greedy

int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    init();
    calc_q();

    calc_OPT();

    alegere_act(8);

    alegere_act_greedy(8);

    print_info();

    return 0;
}

```

```

void init(void)
{
    int j;
    ACT[0].start = 0; ACT[0].finish = 0; ACT[0].weight = 0; // nu e folosita

    ACT[1].start = 1; ACT[1].finish = 4; ACT[1].weight = 1;
    ACT[2].start = 3; ACT[2].finish = 5; ACT[2].weight = 2;
    ACT[3].start = 0; ACT[3].finish = 6; ACT[3].weight = 1;
    ACT[4].start = 4; ACT[4].finish = 7; ACT[4].weight = 1;
    ACT[5].start = 3; ACT[5].finish = 8; ACT[5].weight = 1;
    ACT[6].start = 5; ACT[6].finish = 9; ACT[6].weight = 2;
    ACT[7].start = 6; ACT[7].finish = 10; ACT[7].weight = 5;
    ACT[8].start = 8; ACT[8].finish = 11; ACT[8].weight = 1;

    // initializeaza q[j]
    for (j = 0; j < N+1; j++)
    {
        q[j] = 0;
    }
    // initializeaza OPT[j] si sel_act
    for (j = 0; j <= N; j++)
    {
        OPT[j] = 0;
        sel_act[j] = 0;
    }
    VAL = 0;
    nr_act_alese = 0;
    VAL_G = 0;
    nr_act_alese_g = 0;
}

void calc_q(void)
{
    int i, j;

    for (j = 1; j <= N; j++)
    {
        // calculeaza q[j]
        for (i = j-1; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            if (ACT[i].finish <= ACT[j].start)
            {
                q[j] = i;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}

int rec_OPT(int j)
{
    if (j == 0) return 0;
    if (ACT[j].weight + rec_OPT(q[j]) >= rec_OPT(j - 1)) return (ACT[j].weight
+ rec_OPT(q[j]));
    else return rec_OPT(j - 1);
}

```

```

void calc_OPT(void)
{
    int j;
    for (j = 0; j <= N; j++)
        OPT[j] = rec_OPT(j);
}

void print_info(void)
{
    int i;
    printf("Activitati\n");
    for (i = 1; i < N+1; i++)
    {
        printf("ACT[%d]= start:%d, finish:%d, weight:%d", i, ACT[i].start,
ACT[i].finish, ACT[i].weight);
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\nProgramare dinamica\n\n");
    printf("Valorile q\n");
    for (i = 1; i < N+1; i++)
    {
        printf("q[%d]= %d", i, q[i]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("Valoare OPT\n");
    for (i = 1; i <= N; i++)
    {
        printf("OPT[%d]= %d", i, OPT[i]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("Activitatile alese:");
    for (i = 0; i < nr_act_alese; i++)
    {
        printf("%d, ", act_alese[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    printf("Valoarea activitatilor alese = %d\n", VAL);

    printf("\nGreedy\n\n");
    printf("Activitatile alese :");
    for (i = 0; i < nr_act_alese_g; i++)
    {
        printf("%d, ", act_alese_g[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    printf("Valoarea activitatilor alese = %d\n", VAL_G);
}

void alegere_act(int j)
{
    int i;
    int max_weight;
    int ind_max;

    while (VAL <= OPT[j])
    {

```

```

max_weight = 0;
// alege activitatea cu ponderea cea mai mare (dintre activitatile
compatibile)
for (i = 1; i < N+1; i++)
{
    if (sel_act[i] == 1) continue;
    if (ACT[i].weight > max_weight)
    {
        max_weight = ACT[i].weight;
        ind_max = i;
    }
}
if (max_weight > 0)
{
    sel_act[ind_max] = 1;
    act_alese[nr_act_alese] = ind_max;
    nr_act_alese++;
    VAL = VAL + max_weight;
}
// elimina activitatile necompatibile cu activitatea aleasa
// activitate compatibila - incepe inainte si se termina inainte de
activitatea aleasa sau incepe dupa activitatea aleasa
for (i = 1; i < N+1; i++)
{
    if (i == ind_max || sel_act[i]==1) continue;
    if (!((ACT[i].start < ACT[ind_max].start) && (ACT[i].finish <=
ACT[ind_max].start) || (ACT[i].start >= ACT[ind_max].finish)))
    {
        sel_act[i] = 1;
    }
}
if (VAL == OPT[j]) break;
}
}

```

```

void alegere_act_greedy(int j)
{
    int i;
    int ind;
    int sum;

    sum = 0;
    while (sum < N)
    {
        // alege activitatea in ordinea timpului de start
        ind = 0;
        for (i = 1; i < N + 1; i++)
        {
            if (sel_act_g[i] == 0)
            {
                ind = i;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (ind > 0)
        {
            sel_act_g[ind] = 1;
            act_alese_g[nr_act_alese_g] = ind;

```



```
        VAL_G = VAL_G + ACT[ind].weight;
        nr_act_alese_g++;
        sum = sum + sel_act_g[ind];
    }
    // elimina activitatile necompatibile cu activitatea aleasa
    for (i = 1; i < N + 1; i++)
    {
        if (i == ind || sel_act_g[i]==1) continue;
        if (ACT[i].start < ACT[ind].finish)
        {
            sel_act_g[i] = 1;
            sum = sum + sel_act_g[i];
        }
    }
}
```